



THE

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QUARTERLY

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Weston Historical Society

THE
EDITOR'S
EDGE

THE MORE THINGS CHANGE

We are half way thru the bicentennial year for our town — Weston. And just about half way thru the events promoting this historic year: the hometown play "Take Two" portrayed the Weston of today: the Memorial Day Parade showed us off in our splendor but also made us bow in memory of those Weston sons who gave their lives in all the wars this nation has fought (eloquently paraphrased by Mark Harper): and the re-opening of the Old Post Office and General Store, which we, as a society, can be proud of our major part in seeing this happen.

The rest of the year will see the 4th of July "Big Bang" and the Bicentennial Ball. And we still have a Weston video film "The Outlanders" in production and due for a fall showing.

We Americans always seem to celebrate events with speeches, games, fireworks, parades, balls, etc. They may not have been as elaborate in 1787 or 1887, but the spirit of independence and pride in "their town" was no less than ours in "our town". As we celebrate, let us pause to remember those who came this way before, just as we hope those who are here in 2087 will remember our accomplishments.

— The more they remain the same.

Herb Day - Editor

WESTON'S HISTORICAL NOTEBOOK WESTON'S BEGINNINGS 1787 - 1865

The end of the Revolution War brought the men of Weston back to the farms with a broader knowledge (for some of them) of the world that was the United States. They heard about the lands to the west and some of them left to pioneer in the New Territories. As the United States was floundering with the need for a new governmental direction, so too was Weston. The problems of running a small rural town became more than the Norfield Parish leaders could handle with their limited powers. They and the North-fairfield leaders petitioned to Hartford for permission to separate from Fairfield and form a new town — Weston. Thus, on October 20, 1787 Weston became a reality. Selectmen and other officials were chosen. School districts were defined, taxes imposed and all the growing pains of a small town began.

The U.S. Constitution was spawned about the same time in 1787. It took about two years to be ratified, during which time the people had opportunity to study it and debate it. The good outweighed the bad and the population realized that now they had a great, free country to call their own. It also meant that world trade could be pursued as well as interstate trade. This created the need for more manufacturing and farming.

By the time of the first census in 1790, Weston had over 1200 residents, mostly farmers who produced almost all their needs. The things they could not raise or grow — coffee, tea, rum, sugar, salt — they either bartered for with local store keepers or bought in Fairfield or Norwalk, selling some grain or potatoes for the cash needed.

As the population of Weston grew and land was cleared for farming, additional saw mills, grist mills, fulling mills, blacksmiths, forges, and foundries were soon built. Both the Saugatuck and the Aspetuck Rivers were dammed up in many locations to provide the water power for these industries (many of the dam sites can still be seen on the rivers).

All that they produced was used by Weston's farmers for several reasons: the millers and forgers were also farmers and they ran the forge or mill when times from farming allowed, and the markets outside of Weston were too far to transport their wares, and the small profits realized would have been consumed by the transportation costs — even a trip to Norwalk and Fairfield.

Even though farming remained the main occupation of Weston families in the early decades of the 1800's they were unable to become a 'bread basket' for the cities along the coast because they could not compete with food and fibre grown on new lands to the west in Ohio and New York state. Weston was only one of many towns in this situation.

The practice of dividing farm land among sons and daughters meant that there was less land to just provide the bare necessities for each family. Eventually many sons left for greener pastures — land on the frontier or a job in industry.

(continued on page 2)

PICTURE QUIZ

CAN YOU NAME THIS?



If you can name the item in the picture, send your answer and your name to:

The Editor
The Chronicle Quarterly
P.O. Box 1092
Weston, CT 06883

The picture in the last Picture Quiz was of an ox cart. The oxen and the cart were two of the most valuable items owned by early Weston farmers. This cart was given to The Society by Ray Fitch and was owned by his grandfather, Ebenzer Fitch. A picture of Ebenzer Fitch and this cart can be found in *The Book on Weston* by Tom Farnam.

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WESTON'S BEGINNINGS 1787-1865 (CONTINUED)

As the Civil War era was approaching, the need for more industry eventually reached Weston. The forges and foundries became more numerous and larger. More men gave up farming and took a job in industry. This freed up his wife and children to seek other work also, since the farm required much less time.

The items that the local craftsmen made for residents: shoes, buttons, chains, clothing, began to have competition from the more efficient industrial sites. This drove these craftsmen out of business and in many instances out of town to find work in the cities. Others went back to the farm or found work in other industries.

The industrial revolution after the Civil War helped sustain more of Weston's industry and produced a demand for special farm crops which Weston's farmers supplied. Onions became a major specialty crop for the whole area. The Southport Globe Onion was a major variety and is still a popular onion variety.

Both of these endeavors were relatively short lived and economics again forced Weston to take a back seat in the industrial world and in the food supply markets. More in the next issue of *The Chronicle*.

The years 1815-1865 have aptly been termed The Flowering of New England. The opening decade of the Nineteenth Century was the budding spring time of the rural farmer. He was just beginning to regain his sense of security after the tremendous upheaval of The Revolution.

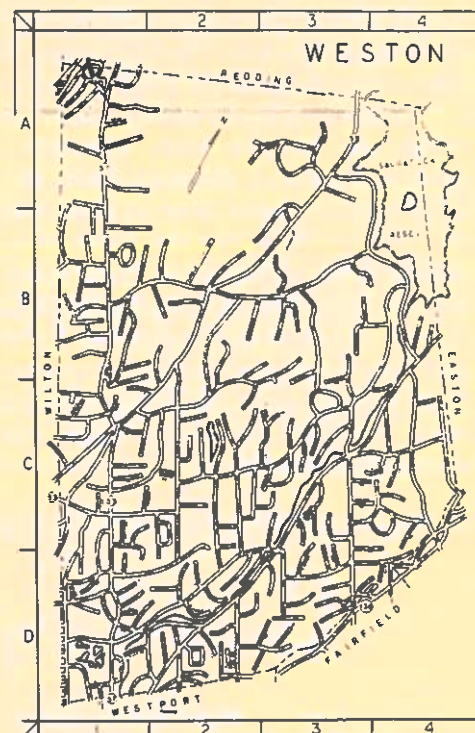
From the *New England Village Scene-1800*

By Cathering Fennelly

HOW WELL DO YOU KNOW WESTON?

Each of these names refers to a place in Weston. We don't expect that too many people know where these places are, but the old timers should. We have provided a map of Weston to the right. Locate the place on the map and send it to the editor. Let's see how many people can locate these places on the map. Send us a copy of the map (copies can be made in the library for 10 cents) or send us the map from *The Chronicle*. We will send you a new copy of *The Chronicle* if you keep back issues.

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| Stuard's Ridge | Pfeiffer Pond |
| Brushy Ridge | Davidge Pond |
| Panther Swamp | Barnams Hog Ridge |
| Spectacle Swamp | Great Ledge |
| Camfield Hill | Cranberry Meadow |
| Lyons Woods | Pops Mountain |
| Laurel Lake | Mountain Orchard |
| Flat Rock Hill | Godfrey Pond |
| Ledge Rocks | |



CURRENT EVENTS

THE OLD POST OFFICE

Well, we hope you were at the Old Post Office on May 17, to celebrate the official opening of this Old Store and Post Office. Over 2000 (stamped) special envelopes were canceled by Post Office people from Weston and Westport: Ernie Thompson and John Herald, and Postmaster Lloyd Roselle from Weston, and Postmaster Joe Wokanovicz from the Westport Post Office.

The old building has been fixed up, a new porch added, window glass replaced, walls replastered and everything else washed down and clean as an old whistle. Our thanks go to Mrs. Marylou Perry and Mrs. Linda Martin, co-chairpersons of the Post Office Restoration Committee, and to Gary Samuelson who did wonders in making all the new carpentry — especially the porch — look like it had always been there.

The Boy Scouts helped by clearing a path from Bisceglie Park and cleaning up around the building. Thanks to Eagle Candidates Scott Nichols and Bill Tichy, and their helpers.

Canceled commemorative envelopes are available from your Society for \$2.50, in case you did not get one on May 17th. Please include a self-addressed envelope so we can mail this collectors item back to you. The Post Office will be opened during the summer on selected Sundays. Please consult the local papers for the specific dates.

A lot of work and money is still needed to finish fixing up the Post Office and the barn next to the Post Office. Contributions can be sent to the Old Post Office Restoration Committee, P.O. Box 1092, Weston, CT 06883.

PICTURES OF THE POST OFFICE



The old Post Office and General Store on May 17, 1987, before the several hundred visitors came.



Visitors to the Post Office included Mr. & Mrs. Howard Fromson, left center, and Mr. Lloyd Scribner, Jr., on extreme left.

COLEY HOMESTEAD

The Coley House restoration is on schedule. The redecoration of the downstairs rooms is proceeding. The womens clubs of Weston plan to have everything finished by fall and are planning a reception around Christmas to show off The Coley House and their excellent workwomenship(?).

CURRENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Docents

We are pleased to announce that Mrs. Marge Schneider will coordinate the Docent Program this year. We have cut our schedule of museum openings to only Sunday afternoons in July, August, and September. Please check the local papers for specific dates and time of the openings. We need more people to help with this program. If you are interested in helping, please call Marge Schneider at 227-9636.

We have a (special) flag

The Weston Womens Republican Club presented your Society with an U.S. flag on Flag Day, June 14th. This flag which flew over the Capitol in Washington, was presented to the Club by Rep. Rowland. The Club voted to give it to the Society. We had to re-erect a flag pole which we did, between the Coley House and the parking area. It can be seen from the house, the barn, and Weston Road. Thanks to all who made this possible.

What's new in The Museum

We have received an old (1800's) door chime from Mr. John Clark. This did not come from a house in Weston but did come from the Western Reserve part of Ohio, where many Fairfield County residents migrated in the early 1800's in search of better land and new opportunities. We will have a story on this part of Fairfield County history in a future issue of The Chronicle.

The next item received by the Society does not belong in The Museum (yet) but is a welcome addition to our office. Weston Woods donated a Zerox duplicating machine to the Society. As soon as the redecoration is finished we will get our office in place and set this Zerox in motion. Thanks to Mort Schindel and Jackie Troxell for this needed item.



The new steeple and weather vane had just been placed on The Norfield Church before this picture was taken. The old steeple was listing to the rear of the church and there were several decayed timbers which had weakened the whole structure. We have been assured that this steeple will last for at least 100 years.

THE NORFIELD GRANGE

One hundred years ago farming was still the occupation of most of the men and the families of this United States. Many of these farmers needed help in reconstructing their farms and family life after the trauma of the Civil War. One man saw that the farmers needed help from the government and others during this period of expansion and growth of the U.S. The organ-

ization he formed led to the founding of The National Grange.

Two of our contributing writers to The Chronicle have provided us with the following articles, one on The National Grange and The Norfield Grange history and the other, her reflections on belonging to The Norfield Grange. You might say that it changed her life.

THE GRANGE

by Ruth Lockwood

The Grange is a family organization, non-political and non-sectarian. The only farm fraternity in the world, it was conceived by Oliver B. Kelley when he was sent to the South to study agricultural needs during reconstruction after the Civil War. He found that his being a Mason opened many doors to him so he, with six friends, founded the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, a nationwide fraternity of farmers.

The National Grange has its headquarters in Washington, D.C. where it lobbies Congress for legislation favorable to farmers and the public welfare. It was instrumental in getting rural free delivery, parcel post service, regulation of public utilities and freight rates, land grant colleges, experiment stations, pure food and drug laws, State Police and fire protection and farm research. For many years the slogan of the State Grange was "Let's get Connecticut out of the mud."

Norfield Grange received its charter in 1896. The first meeting was held on January 6th when the thermometer stood at 14° below zero. Horace C. Hurlbut and Iverson Fanton were among the charter members. Meetings were held in one of the Jarvis School buildings until it burned in July 1904. Then the Grange put an addition on the town hall that stood behind the Norfield Congregational Church and that burned in August 1951.

After that they met in the Emmanuel Church. A number of the members took down a barn in New Canaan and re-constructed it on the lot at 12 Goodhill Road using the beautiful old beams in the frame. Meetings are held the second and fourth Tuesdays. Anyone 14 years or older may join. Sewing and handicraft contests open to the public are held each spring. An Agricultural Fair has been held on the grounds for many years the Sunday after Labor Day.

Norfield Grange began the Visiting Nurse Service in Weston, sponsored the Cub Scouts, cleaned up the Coleytown Cemetery and erected a bronze plaque in front of the Norfield Church honoring the men from Weston who gave their lives in World War II. Three children are sent to the State Grange Camp Berger in Winchester for a week each summer. Regular donations are made to a number of charities. A subordinate Grange member is free to visit any other Grange in the country. There is much visiting back and forth among the neighboring Granges. There are many dinner meetings and the Grange is noted for its good cooks. A cookbook published by the National Women's Activities Committee paid off the final \$300,000 mortgage on the Washington headquarters building from its profits.

PLEASANT MEMORIES OF NORFIELD GRANGE

by Margaret M. Gifford

Sixty three years ago, I joined the Norfield Grange, No. 147. I was sixteen and enjoyed going to the meetings with Irv and Ebbe Lockwood. We met in the Old Town Hall twice a month, the first and third Friday.

The Town Hall building was in back of The Norfield Congregational Church. It burned to the ground some years ago.

It was, and is now, an organization to help rural folks to know each other to help each other with their farm life.

After a short business meeting, all would enjoy an interesting program, arranged by the lecturer and would conclude with refreshments and square dancing.

My husband and I held many chairs. He was Gate Keeper and Master, while I served as Lecturer and Goddess Flora Ceres and Pomona.

It was a pleasure to work with many in the Home Economics Group. We prepared refreshments and special dinners for our visiting Grange neighbors of other towns.

We took water from a well east of the church. Had to use a rope and pail and fetched many gallons. The rope broke and the pail was gone, so someone went to Fred Banks place and got another pail. This well was covered with a few planks and I never heard of anyone falling into it.

About four times we would visit the other town Granges, taking part in their literary program, and always a very special meal at the beginning of the evening.

The coming of the car helped us to visit many other

(continued on page 6)

FARMING — THEN AND NOW

You don't have to travel too far to realize that there aren't many farms left in this part of the country. The number is dwindling around the country. In 1787, 90 of every 100 residents were farmers. Now only two per 100 residents.

With the reduction in the number of farms has come greater efficacy in farming methods. As an example, in 1787 a farmer spend 344 hours to produce 100 bushels of corn vs 3 hours for a farmer of today. He spent 373 hours to produce 100 bushels of wheat vs 7 hours today.

PLEASANT MEMORIES

(continued from page 5)

grangers, however, the roads in winter and spring were often impassible.

Well do I remember many brothers and sisters of Norfield Grange: The Banks, Brocks, Bennetts, Burritts, Coleys, Colemans, Adams, Fitchs, Fantons, Treadwells, Lockwoods, Waterburys, Reeves, Ferris, Andrews, Giffords, Fanchers, Keenes, and many others.

All lived on farms, had cows, chickens and pigs. Raised their vegetables and fruits. Made butter and pot cheese and ice cream on occasion.

Alice Bennett and Frank Ferris played for dancing. We all enjoyed square dancing, hated to hear the final tunes to go home.

It was there at the Grange that I met my first love and husband, Rolland Gifford. Rolland became the first Fire Chief of Westons Vol. Fire Dept. He retired in April, 1946 in order that we could move to our island home on Lake Champlain.

My good wishes for 1987.

Thank You both for sharing
your thoughts and comments with us.

Weston Historical Society Board of Trustees

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FIFTY YEARS OR MORE AGO

From The Republican Farmer, Bridgeport, CT.

Post riders notice!

Turney Foot informs his friends
This present week a quarter ends,
And he requests without delay
That each of them their bills would pay.

He wishes then to recollect
That printers will their pay expect
Which renders him obliged to call
On customers to pay him all.

If they will settle the amount
Which now accrues on their account
They will oblige him much indeed
Anf from the cost of writs be freed.

He hopes that they will notice take
And soon to him their payments make
And all who do to this adhere
Shall have his humble thanks sincere.
Weston, April 14, 1813

Turn your eye you twelve month men
It is with reluctance I inform you
That I am so reduced, in the present
State Campaign that I am fearful I
Shall be lead to the painful necessity
Of discounting some important posts
If I do not receive a re-inforcement.
Turnkey Foot — Post Rider
Oct. 6, 1813

NEXT ISSUE

MRS. MORTONS WESTON
WESTON'S BEGINNINGS 1865-1946
PICTURE QUIZ
STONEY BROOK CELEBRATES 50 YEARS
LOOKING AT THE WESTON FIRE DEPT.
THE U.S. CONSTITUTION

THE FIRST U.S. CENSUS OF WESTON — 1790

Since this census was taken close to the time that Weston became a town, we thought you might like to see a list of the people who lived here at that time. Remember this census also takes in what is now Easton

and a small portion of Westport. This list is not alphabetical — neither was the census. We have also shown the number in each household. The total population in 1790 was 1246.

FIRST CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES.

FAIRFIELD COUNTY—Continued.

| NAME OF HEAD OF FAMILY. | Free white males of 16 years and upward including heads of families. | Free white males under 16 years. | Free white females, including heads of families. | All other free persons. | Slaves. | NAME OF HEAD OF FAMILY. | Free white males of 16 years and upward including heads of families. | Free white males under 16 years. | Free white females, including heads of families. | All other free persons. | Slaves. | NAME OF HEAD OF FAMILY. | Free white males of 16 years and upward including heads of families. | Free white males under 16 years. | Free white females, including heads of families. | All other free persons. | Slaves. | |
|-------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------|-------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------|-------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|---------|------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | WESTON TOWN—CON. |
| Gray, Anna. | | | 2 | | | Bradley, Francis. | 1 | | 2 | | | Hilton, Adkisson. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Andrew, Silliman. | 2 | | 2 | | | Bradley, Gershom. | 1 | | 2 | | | Gray, James. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Rowland, Samuel. | 2 | | 4 | | | Bradley, Eliphalet. | 2 | | 2 | | 1 | Coly, David, Junr. | 1 | | 4 | | | |
| Burr, Moses. | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | Bradley, Gershom, Junr. | 1 | | 2 | | | Gray, Gideon. | 1 | | 4 | | | |
| Higgins, Tommy. | 1 | | 3 | | 1 | Ferry, Job. | 1 | | 2 | | | Gray, Nathan. | 1 | | 4 | | | |
| Higgins, John. | 1 | | 1 | | | Wakeman, Aaron. | 1 | | 4 | | | Morehouse, Andrew. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Ogden, Joseph. | 1 | | 3 | | | Banks, Austin. | 1 | | 2 | | | Lyon, Hezekiah. | 3 | | 4 | | | |
| Duncan, Jerard. | 1 | | 1 | | | Bradley, Levi. | 1 | | 1 | | | Taylor, Jonathan. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Squire, Sealy. | 3 | | 4 | | | Gilbert, Lewis. | 1 | | 1 | | | Dikman, John. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Sturges, James. | 1 | | 4 | | | Demon, Noah. | 2 | | 1 | | | Lockwood, Albert. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Lockwood, Gideon. | 1 | | 4 | | | Bradley, David. | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | Adams, Nathan. | 3 | | 6 | | | |
| Squire, Thomas. | 1 | | 4 | | | Bradley, Lyman. | 1 | | 6 | | | Bulky, Talcut. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Godfrey, Jonathan. | 1 | | 2 | | | Stocker, Mary. | 1 | | 1 | | | Sherwood, Jabez. | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Godfrey, David. | 1 | | 1 | | | Davis, David. | 1 | | 1 | | | Sherwood, Seymour. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Godfrey, Silliman. | 1 | | 1 | | | Davis, John. | 1 | | 5 | | | Smith, David. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Osborn, William. | 1 | | 4 | | | Williams, Peter. | 3 | | 3 | | 1 | Gorham, Shubal. | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Osborn, Isaac. | 1 | | 4 | | | Fanton, Hezekiah. | 1 | | 3 | | | Gray, Elijah. | 2 | | 5 | | | |
| Osborn, Hezekiah. | 3 | | 3 | | | Murwin, Nathan. | 2 | | 2 | | | Coley, Morehouse. | 1 | | 2 | | 1 | |
| Patchen, George. | 4 | | 6 | | | Colyer, Thomas. | 1 | | 3 | | | Betterton, Joseph. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Gilbert, Ebenezer. | 1 | | 4 | | | Fanton, John, Junr. | 1 | | 1 | | | Coley, Ebenezer. | 5 | | 4 | | 3 | |
| Morehouse, Michael. | 1 | | 2 | | | Sturges, Stephen. | 1 | | 2 | | | Crossman, Trowbridge. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Brown, Elisha. | 2 | | 3 | | | Fanton, John. | 2 | | 2 | | 1 | Thorp, John. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Row, Daniel M. | 1 | | 1 | | | Thorp, Ebenezer. | 1 | | 5 | | | Bennit, Elisha. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Row, Beniah M. | 2 | | 1 | | | Thorp, Thaddeus. | 2 | | 5 | | | Adams, Squire. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Thorp, Gershom. | 1 | | 3 | | | Coley, Eliphalet. | 2 | | 5 | | | Adams, David. | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Thorp, Jacob. | 1 | | 3 | | | Banks, Daniel. | 1 | | 2 | | | Adams, Silaman. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Gorham, Jacob (Negro). | | | | | 3 | Thorp, Ebenezer, Junr. | 1 | | 4 | | | Coly, David. | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Fanton, Gershom. | 1 | | 1 | | | Thorp, Peter. | 1 | | 1 | | | Morehouse, Nathan. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Wilson, James. | 1 | | 3 | | | Osborn, Ephraim. | 2 | | 3 | | | Marvin, Brash. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Thorp, Nathan. | 1 | | 1 | | | Iverson, Andrew. | 1 | | 3 | | | Osterbank, Moses. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Banks, Joseph. | 1 | | 3 | | | Blackman, Nehemiah. | 3 | | 2 | | | Deare, Benjamin. | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | |
| Banks, Thomas. | 1 | | 3 | | | Blackman, Daniel. | 2 | | 1 | | | Noyes, John. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Nichols, Gold. | 1 | | 3 | | | Henton, Cyrus. | 2 | | 3 | | | Rowland, Jeremiah. | 2 | | 3 | | | |
| Treadwell, Joseph. | 1 | | 1 | | | Reh, Josiah. | 1 | | 4 | | | Parsons, Peter. | 3 | | 3 | | | |
| Lyon, Ephraim. | 3 | | 4 | | | Sly, Thomas. | 1 | | 2 | | | Morehouse, Jesse. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Davis, Joseph. | 3 | | 2 | | | Sawly, Thomas. | 1 | | 2 | | | Godfrey, Elias. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Thorp, Jabet. | 1 | | 2 | | | Green, Solomon. | 1 | | 2 | | | Beers, Ezra. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Williams, Elnathan. | 3 | | 3 | | | Smith, Seth. | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | Godfrey, Eleazer. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Platt, Jesse. | 2 | | 2 | | | Lloyd, Seth. | 1 | | 2 | | 4 | Godfrey, David. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Gilbert, Andrew. | 2 | | 1 | | | French, Samuel. | 1 | | 2 | | 4 | Godfrey, Christopher. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Hull, Moses. | 1 | | 1 | | | Hawley, David. | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | Beers, Isaac. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Bradley, Ebenezer. | 1 | | 2 | | | Hawley, Daniel. | 1 | | 1 | | 3 | Rowland, Daniel. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Burr, Increase. | 1 | | 3 | | | Harris, Robert. | 1 | | 3 | | | Winkley, Henry. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Bennitt, Ezekiel. | 1 | | 4 | | | Sherwood, Joseph. | 1 | | 5 | | 1 | Bulky, David. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Shermon, Sarah. | | | | | 2 | Hubbill, Nathaniel. | 2 | | 1 | | 4 | Godfrey, Isaac. | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | |
| Sturges, Moses. | 1 | | 3 | | | Prince, William. | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | Sidy, Abel. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Nichols, John. | 3 | | 7 | | 1 | Bennit, Benjamin. | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | Beers, Nehemiah. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Borr, Eliphalet. | 1 | | 2 | | | Hall, Ebron. | 2 | | 3 | | 4 | Beers, Fanton. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Nichols, Peter. | 1 | | 6 | | | Beardsley, Benjamin. | 2 | | 3 | | 5 | Beers, Ephraim. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Banks, Hezekiah. | 2 | | 1 | | | Steward, Charles. | 1 | | 3 | | 2 | Beers, Jonathan. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Foot, Levi. | 1 | | 2 | | | Porter, Joseph. | 1 | | 1 | | 4 | Brothington, Samuel. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Ryle, John. | 1 | | 2 | | | Porter, David. | 1 | | 4 | | 2 | Coley, Jonathan. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Baker, Samuel. | 3 | | 2 | | | Gregory, Samuel. | 1 | | 1 | | 4 | Coley, Jonathan, Jr. | 1 | | 3 | | | |
| Jennings, Benjamin. | 3 | | 2 | | | Daton, Syrus. | 1 | | 3 | | | Guire, Eben. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Davis, Ebenezer. | 2 | | 1 | | | Booth, Thaddeus. | 2 | | 7 | | 1 | Fanton, Zebulon. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Canfield, Ezekiel. | 1 | | 2 | | | Bennit, Isaac. | 3 | | 1 | | 1 | Gray, John. | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Davis, Ebenezer. | 1 | | 2 | | | Oilbert, Burr. | 1 | | 1 | | 3 | Morehouse, Jabez. | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Cable, Isaac. | 2 | | 1 | | | Bennit, Isaac. | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | Lord, Sarah. | 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Dimon, John. | 1 | | 4 | | | Bally, Henry. | 1 | | 2 | | 2 | Morehouse, David. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Robertson, Seth. | 1 | | 2 | | | Hubbill, Stephen. | 1 | | 2 | | 3 | Wood, Obadiah. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Fanton, Abel. | 1 | | 3 | | | Booth, John. | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | Wood, Samuel. | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | |
| Murwin, David. | 3 | | 2 | | | Broach, Mary. | 1 | | 2 | | 2 | Adams, Josbus. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Bradley, Enos. | 1 | | 1 | | | Burton, Solomon. | 2 | | 4 | | 3 | Sturges, Peter. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Murwin, Seth. | 1 | | 1 | | | Stiers, Hezekiah. | 1 | | 1 | | 8 | Lockwood, John. | 1 | | 2 | | | |
| Murwin, Samuel. | 2 | | 3 | | | Turri, Daniel. | 2 | | 4 | | 2 | Hutensack, Francis. | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| Rowland, Jonathan. | 2 | | 3 | | | Gregory, Stephen. | 2 | | 1 | | 5 | Sherwood, Samuel B. | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | |
| Burr, John. | 1 | | 1 | | | Hubbill, Seth. | 2 | | 3 | | 3 | Dikeman, Eliphalet. | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Farrick, Molly. | 1 | | 2 | | | Turri, Stephen. | 2 | | 3 | | 3 | Andrews, Daniel. | 1 | | 1 | | 3 | |
| Murwin, Epperas. | 1 | | 3 | | | Hubbill, Ebenezer. | 2 | | 2 | | 2 | Andrews, Daniel, Junr. | 1 | | 3 | | 1 | |
| Fanton, Nehemiah. | 3 | | 2 | | | Summers, Nathan. | 2 | | 3 | | 2 | Fitch, Cuf (Negro). | 1 | | 5 | | | |
| Treadwell, Thomas. | 3 | | 1 | | | Thorp, David. | 1 | | 3 | | 5 | Elwood, Joseph. | 1 | | 2 | | 4 | |
| Treadwell, Nathan. | 1 | | 1 | | | Sherwood, Levit. | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Fairchild, Ephraim. | 3 | | 1 | | 3 | | | | | | | |

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